



Q3 2016

**Management Discussion and Analysis
Of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
For the Three and Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016 ("Q3 2016") and March 31, 2015 ("Q3
2015")
(Unaudited)**

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The following Management Discussion & Analysis (“MD&A”) prepared as of May 11, 2016, should be read in conjunction with DHX Media Ltd.’s (the “Company” or “DHX”) unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, as well as the Company’s latest annual MD&A (“2015 Annual MD&A”) and audited financial statement for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 (as found on www.sedar.com or on DHX’s website at www.dhxmedia.com). The unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”).

DHX is a public company incorporated under the Canadian Business Corporations Act whose Variable Voting Shares and Common Voting Shares are traded on the Toronto Stock Exchange (“TSX”), admitted on May 19, 2006, under the symbols DHX.A and DHX .B, respectively. On June 23, 2015, the Company’s Variable Voting Shares commenced trading on the NASDAQ Global Trading Market (the “NASDAQ”) under the symbol DHXM. Additional information relating to the Company can be found on its website at www.dhxmedia.com, on SEDAR at www.sedar.com or on EDGAR at www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml.

The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles as set out in the CICA Handbook. In 2010, the CICA Handbook was revised to incorporate IFRS, and require publicly accountable enterprises to apply such standards effective for years beginning on or after January 1, 2011. Accordingly, the Company commenced reporting on this basis in its unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the first quarter of 2012 (three months ended September 30, 2011).

Figures in this MD&A are shown as millions (for example, \$100,000 is shown as \$0.10 million) and are approximate and have been rounded to the nearest ten thousand. Due to this rounding, some individual items, once totalled, may be slightly different than the corresponding total.

This MD&A contains certain forward-looking statements, which reflect DHX management’s (“Management”) expectations regarding the Company’s growth, results of operations, performance, and business prospects and opportunities.

Statements about the Company’s future plans and intentions, results, levels of activity, performance, goals or achievements, or other future events constitute forward-looking statements. Wherever possible, words such as “may”, “will”, “should”, “could”, “expect”, “plan”, “intend”, “anticipate”, “believe”, “estimate”, “predict”, “pursue”, “continue”, “seek”, or “potential” or the negative or other variations of these words, or other similar words or phrases, have been used to identify these forward-looking statements. These statements reflect Management’s current beliefs and are based on information currently available to Management. Specific forward-looking statements in this document include, but are not limited to:

- the business strategies of DHX;
- the future financial and operating performance of DHX and its subsidiaries;
- the timing for implementation of certain business strategies and other operational activities of DHX; and
- the markets and industries, including competitive conditions, in which DHX operates.

Forward-looking statements involve significant risk, uncertainties, and assumptions. Many factors could cause actual results, performance, or achievements to differ materially from the results discussed or implied in the forward-looking statements. These factors should be considered carefully and readers should not place undue reliance on the forward-looking statements. Although the forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A are based on what Management believes to be reasonable assumptions, the Company cannot assure readers that actual results will be consistent with these forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are made as of the date of this MD&A, and the Company assumes no obligation to update or revise them to reflect new events or circumstances. Many factors could cause the actual results, performance, or achievements of the Company to be materially different from any future results, performance, or achievements that may be expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements, including: general economic and market segment conditions, competitor activity, product capability and acceptance, international risk and currency exchange rates, and technology changes. An assessment of the risks that could cause actual results to materially differ from current expectations is contained in the “Risk Assessment” section of this MD&A and the 2015 Annual MD&A, as well as noted in the “Risk Factors” section of the Company’s most recent “Annual Information Form”.

The foregoing is not an exhaustive list and other risks are detailed from time to time in other continuous disclosure filings of the Company, including, among other filings, the Company’s recent “Management Information Circular”. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should assumptions underlying the forward-looking statements prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described herein as anticipated, believed, estimated, or expected.

Business of the Company

DHX is the world leading independent creator, producer, distributor, licensor, and broadcaster of kids and family television and film productions. The Company was originally the result of the combination of The Halifax Film Company Limited (“**Halifax Film**”) and Decode Entertainment Inc. (“**Decode**”) during Fiscal 2006 and at the time of initial public offering. Since that time DHX has grown organically and through the following significant acquisitions:

- Studio B Productions (“**Studio B**”) on December 4, 2007;
- imX Communications Inc. (“**imX**”) on July 20, 2008;
- W!ldbrain Entertainment Inc. (“**DHX Wildbrain**”) on September 14, 2010;
- Cookie Jar Entertainment (“**DHX Cookie Jar**”) on October 22, 2012;
- Ragdoll Worldwide Ltd. (“**Ragdoll**”) on September 13, 2013;
- Epitome Pictures and related companies (“**Epitome**”) on April 3, 2014;
- Family Channel (“**DHX Television**”) on July 31, 2014;
- Certain assets of Echo Bridge Entertainment, LLC and affiliated companies (“**Echo Bridge**”) on November 13, 2014; and
- Nerd Corps Entertainment Inc. (“**Nerd Corps**”) on December 23, 2014.

The Company produces, distributes, broadcasts, and exploits the rights for television and film programming. DHX’s primary focus is on children’s, youth, and family (collectively “**Children’s and Family**”) productions because of the international sales potential and longer-term and multiple revenue streams that this genre of programming provides. Children’s and Family programming travels across cultures more easily than other genres and can therefore be sold into numerous markets, typically has a longer lifespan than other genres, and can be leveraged for library and distribution revenues and merchandising and licensing revenues.

DHX’s content library includes more than 11,500 half hours of award winning programming. DHX is recognized for brands such as *Caillou*, *Yo Gabba Gabba!*, *Inspector Gadget*, *Teletubbies*, *In the Night Garden*, *Johnny Test*, *Animal Mechanicals*, *Super WHY!*, *Degrassi*, our new series' *Make It Pop*, and *Slugterra*. With the acquisition of DHX Television, the Company added broadcasting by acquiring the Family Channel (the “**Family Channel**”), including its multiplex feed known as Family Jr (“**Family Jr**”), the French-language Category B specialty television channel known as Télémagino (“**Télémagino**”), and the English-language Category B specialty television channel known as Family CHRGD (“**Family CHRGD**”) (together, the “**Family Channel Business**”). DHX’s wholly owned European licensing brand representation agency business, Copyright Promotions Licensing Group, (“**CPLG**”), represents numerous entertainment, sport, and design brands. The Company’s prime-time production slate also includes notable achievements in the comedy genre, including the award-winning Canadian prime-time comedy series *This Hour Has 22 Minutes*, which is produced for the CBC and is in its 23rd season. DHX has a global footprint and has offices in Toronto, Los Angeles, Vancouver, Halifax, London, Paris, Barcelona, Milan, Munich, and Amsterdam, among others.

Revenue Model

The Company earns revenues primarily from seven categories: 1) proprietary production, which includes Canadian and other rights proprietary programs, 2) distribution (including digital distribution) of its proprietary and third party acquired titles, 3) television (subscriber, advertising, and digital revenue) through DHX Television’s ownership of the Family Channel Business, 4) merchandising and licensing (“**M&L**”) for owned brands and music and royalties (including, among others, *Teletubbies*, *Yo Gabba Gabba!*, *Caillou*, *Johnny Test*, *In the Night Garden*, and *Twirlywoos*), 5) M&L represented through CPLG, 6) producer and service fees, which includes production services for third parties, and 7) other revenues which also includes new media and mobile.

The Company is able to generate revenue from productions by licensing its initial broadcast rights and pre-licensing of territories for its programs. Production revenues include the initial broadcast license revenues and any pre-sales or advances included in the initial financing of the production of a film and television program. Once a production is completed and delivered, the program is included in the Company’s library of film and television programming. Further revenue from exploitation of the program is included in distribution revenue if it relates to television licenses and in M&L if it relates to royalties or revenues generated from non-television licenses. The Company also generates revenue from programs in which it retains Canadian and other limited participation rights and, in certain instances, from production services for productions whose copyright is owned by third parties.

Production Revenue

The Company derives proprietary production revenues, which includes other proprietary titles with Canadian and other rights, from the grant of initial broadcast rights for the initial showing of commissioned productions and pre-licensing of territories. These fees are typically collected partially upon commissioning of a production, during production, and finally once a completed production is delivered for broadcast, and at some point in time after delivery as a holdback (see note 3 of the audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 for details on revenue recognition).

Distribution Revenue

The Company is able to retain or obtain the ownership rights to its proprietary, other proprietary titles, and third party acquired titles, which permits the Company to generate further revenues from the distribution of the Company's productions. In addition to generating revenues from the sale of initial broadcast rights, the Company is able to concurrently generate revenues from the sale of broadcast rights in other jurisdictions and on other platforms (such as digital platforms, including, amongst others, YouTube, Amazon, and home entertainment) for specified periods of time. Distribution revenue also includes theatrical and other revenues generated on its feature films and movies of the week ("MOW's").

Television Revenue

The Company generates television revenues through DHX Television's ownership of Family Channel, Family Jr, Télémagino, and Family CHRGD. Family Channel and Family Jr are licensed as a pay television service and therefore derive revenues primarily through subscription fees earned by charging a monthly subscriber fee to various Canadian cable and satellite television distributors. Family CHRGD and Télémagino have specialty television licenses, which permit them to generate advertising revenues, but the majority of the revenues are subscriber fees. In addition to linear television, all four channels have multiplatform applications which allow for their content to be distributed both on-demand and streamed and are supported by popular and robust websites designed to engage viewers and support their loyalty to the brands. Traffic to the sites is monetized through advertising and sales sponsorships. Subscriber revenues account for 80-90% of the revenues for DHX Television.

Producer and Service Fee Revenue

Producer and service fee revenue includes revenue accounted for using the percentage of completion method for production service and corporate overhead fees earned for producing television shows and MOW's for third parties.

M&L-Owned (Including Music and Other Royalties)

M&L for owned brands and other various licensing royalties includes revenues from DHX's proprietary brands (among others, *Teletubbies*, *Yo Gabba Gabba!*, *Caillou*, *Johnny Test*, *In the Night Garden*, and *Twirlywoos*) and revenues earned on music publishing rights, music retransmission rights, and other royalties. M&L revenues for owned brands include non-refundable minimum guarantees associated with M&L deals, which the Company recognizes on a straight-line basis over the term of the deal, unless the underlying royalties exceed the minimum guarantee.

M&L-Represented

M&L-represented includes revenues earned from CPLG. CPLG is an agency business based in Europe that earns commissions on M&L from representing independently owned brands from film studios and other third parties.

Other Revenue

Other revenue includes new media revenues earned on new media and interactive games and apps, including mobile smartphones and tablets, and other revenue.

SUMMARY CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The summary consolidated financial information set out below for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 has been derived from the Company's unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015, and can be found at www.sedar.com, DHX's website at www.dhxmedia.com, or on EDGAR at www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml.

Each reader should read the following information in conjunction with those statements and the related notes.

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2016	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2016	Nine Months Ended March 31, 2015
(\$000, except per share data)				
Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income (Loss) Data:¹				
Revenues	84,095	85,582	229,485	192,869
Direct production costs and expense of film and television produced ²	(33,388)	(39,361)	(96,589)	(82,782)
Expense of book value of acquired libraries	(195)	(1,428)	(3,540)	(2,713)
Gross margin ³	50,512	44,793	129,356	107,374
Selling, general, and administrative	(19,304)	(16,368)	(54,925)	(43,064)
Write-down of certain investment in film and television programs	(450)	(517)	(950)	(532)
Amortization, finance and other expenses, net ^{2,4}	(19,783)	(3,211)	(38,672)	(41,638)
Recovery of (provision for) income taxes	(756)	(6,666)	(5,395)	(6,303)
Net income	10,219	18,031	29,414	15,837
Cumulative translation adjustment	(3,323)	(4,260)	(9,348)	(9,470)
Comprehensive income	6,896	13,771	20,066	6,367
Basic earnings per common share	0.08	0.15	0.24	0.13
Diluted earnings per common share	0.08	0.14	0.23	0.13
Weighted average common shares outstanding (expressed in thousands)				
Basic	125,218	123,207	124,644	121,157
Diluted	126,218	126,098	126,361	124,202
Adjusted net income ⁵	11,384	18,031	32,299	33,398
Basic adjusted earnings per common share ⁵	0.09	0.15	0.26	0.28
Diluted adjusted earnings per common share ⁵	0.09	0.14	0.26	0.27
	As at March 31, 2016	As at June 30, 2015		
Consolidated Balance Sheet Data:				
Cash and restricted cash	48,741	42,907		
Investment in film and television programs	238,617	194,226		
Total assets	902,312	808,238		
Total liabilities	623,359	546,284		
Shareholders' equity	278,953	261,954		

¹The financial information for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 includes the full results for all of the Company's operations. The financial information for the three months ended March 31, 2015 includes the full results for all the Company's operations. The financial information for the nine months ended March 31, 2015 includes the full results for all of the Company's operations except: i) DHX Television, which had only 243 days of activity; ii) the Echo Bridge assets, which were owned for 139 days; and iii) Nerd Corps, which had only 99 days of activity.

²Direct production costs and expense of film and television produced for three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 excludes the expense of acquired libraries \$2,378 and \$8,916, respectively (three and nine months ended March 31, 2015-\$3,594 and \$8,334, respectively) for the amortization recorded on the purchase price allocation bump to investment in film, which is included in Amortization, finance and other expenses, net.

³Certain of the comparative Non-GAAP Financial Measures ("NGFM") are adjusted for all necessary adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments and any changes in the current definition of NGFM (see "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section of this MD&A for further details).

⁴Other costs for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 include acquisition costs of \$nil and \$nil (March 31, 2015-\$nil and \$4,995, respectively).

⁵See "Reconciliation of Historical Results to Adjusted Net Income" section of this MD&A for the details of Adjusted Net Income. Basic adjusted earnings per common share is computed by dividing adjusted net income for three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 of \$11,384 and \$32,299, respectively (March 31, 2015-\$18,031 and \$33,398, respectively) by basic weighted average common shares outstanding of 125,218 and 124,644, respectively (March 31, 2015-123,207 and 121,157, respectively). Diluted adjusted earnings per common share is computed by dividing adjusted net income for three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 of \$11,384 and \$32,299, respectively (March 31, 2015-\$18,031 and \$33,398, respectively) by diluted weighted average common shares outstanding of 126,218 and 126,361, respectively (March 31, 2015-126,098 and 124,202, respectively).

Results for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 (“Nine Months 2016”) compared to the nine months ended March 31, 2015 (“Nine Months 2015”)

Revenues

Revenues for Nine Months 2016 were \$229.50 million, up 19% from \$192.87 million for Nine Months 2015. The increase for Nine Months 2016 was due to higher distribution revenues (97% organic, 3% acquisitive), accounting for 9% of the increase, strong growth in proprietary production revenues (96% organic, 4% acquisitive), accounting for 11% of the increase, strong growth in M&L-represented revenues (all organic), accounting for 32% of the increase, a significant increase in producer and service fee revenues (87% organic, 13% acquisitive), accounting for 50% of the increase, and an increase in M&L-owned revenues (93% organic, 7% acquisitive), accounting for 9% of the growth, offset by a decrease in DHX Television revenues, which included nine months of activity, versus eight months in Nine Months 2015, offsetting 8% of the growth, and a decrease in new media revenues (79% organic, 21% acquisitive), offsetting 3% of the growth.

Proprietary production revenues: Proprietary production revenues for Nine Months 2016 were \$36.92 million, an increase of 12% (8% organic and 4% acquisitive) compared to \$32.97 million for Nine Months 2015. For Nine Months 2016, the Company added 178.0 proprietary half-hours to the library, up 19% from 149.0 half-hours for Nine Months 2015. For the Nine Months 2016, the Company added 120 half-hours of third party produced titles with distribution rights (Nine Months 2015-nil). The proprietary production revenue was just slightly below Management's quarterly pacing provided in the Q2 2016 MD&A. Overall proprietary deliveries are expected to track to previously reported annual expectations (see delivery chart below for further details).

The breakdown for content library deliveries (including proprietary deliveries and deliveries on distribution rights for third party produced titles) and dollar value subtotals per category for Nine Months 2016 and Nine Months 2015 was as follows:

Category and Title	Season or Type	Nine Months 2016		Nine Months 2015	
		\$ Million	Half-hours	\$ Million	Half-hours
Children's and Family:					
Proprietary					
<i>Airmageddon</i>	I		11		
<i>The Deep</i>	I		18		—
<i>Degrassi</i>	XIV		—		28
<i>Degrassi</i>	XV		20		—
<i>Dr. Dimensionpants</i>	I		—		6
<i>Endangered Species</i>	II		—		6
<i>Hank Zipzer</i>	II		—		13
<i>Hank Zipzer</i>	III		13		—
<i>Inspector Gadget</i>	I		—		26
<i>Kate & Mim-Mim</i>	II		5		
<i>Looped</i>	I		—		20
<i>Make It Pop</i>	I		—		4
<i>Make It Pop</i>	II		21		—
<i>Open Heart</i>	I		—		12
<i>The Other Kingdom</i>	I		13		
<i>Slugterra</i>	III		11		—
<i>Slugterra</i>	IV		1		
<i>Supernoobs</i>	I		26		—
<i>Teletubbies</i>	I		15		—
<i>You & Me</i>	I		—		13
<i>Subtotals</i>		\$ 32.30	154	\$28.64	128
Third Party Produced Titles with Distribution Rights					
<i>Backstage</i>			16		—
<i>Fangbone</i>			9		—
<i>Gaming Show</i>			21		—
<i>Kuu Kuu Harajuku</i>			12		—
<i>Messy Goes to Okido</i>			22		—
<i>Rainbow Ruby</i>			12		—
<i>Super Why!</i>			14		—
<i>Topsy & Tim</i>			2		—
<i>Twirlywoos</i>			10		—
<i>Subtotals</i>		—	118	—	—
Total Children's and Family		\$32.30	272	\$28.64	128
Comedy:					
Proprietary					
<i>This Hour Has 22 Minutes</i>	XXII		—		21
<i>This Hour Has 22 Minutes</i>	XXIII		24		—
<i>Subtotals</i>		\$4.62	24	\$4.33	21
Third Party Produced Titles with Distribution Rights					
<i>Body Buds</i>			1		—
<i>Disorderly</i>			1		—
<i>Subtotals</i>			2		—
Total Comedy		\$4.62	26	\$4.33	21
Total Proprietary		\$36.92	178	\$32.97	149
Total Third Party Produced Titles with Distribution Rights		—	120	—	—
		\$36.92	298	\$32.97	149

Distribution revenues: For Nine Months 2016, distribution revenues were up 6% to \$56.54 million (3% organic and 3% acquisitive), from \$53.24 million for Nine Months 2015, primarily due to the continuing growth of new digital customers, platforms, and territories. The results for Nine Months 2016 continued to benefit somewhat from the weakness in the Canadian dollar relative to the USD and GBP, although this gap has narrowed as the Canadian dollar had a strong recovery in Q3 2016. For Nine Months 2016, the Company closed significant deals, among others previously announced, as follows: DirectTV Digital LLC, Hessischer Rundfunk, Lagardere Thematiques, Netflix, OTT Pacifico, Turner Broadcasting Corporation, Zhejiang Tmall Network Co., Ltd (Alibaba). Also included in these figures are advertising and subscription video on demand (“**VOD**”) revenues, from multiple platforms, including Amazon and YouTube. The gross revenue from the Company's Wildbrain subsidiary unveiled on April 25, 2016 (formerly known as Google (YouTube.com) relationship) for Nine Months 2016 was \$12.78 million, up 38% versus Nine Months 2015 \$9.24 million).

Television revenues: For Nine Months 2016, television revenues were \$53.33 million compared to \$56.31 million for Nine Months 2015, which included the 8 month period from July 31, 2014 through March 31, 2015. The results were near the mid-point of Management's previously reported expectations for DHX Television as reported in the Q2 2016 MD&A. Approximately 88% or \$46.76 million of the television revenues were subscriber revenues, while advertising, promotion, and digital revenues accounted for a combined 12% or \$6.56 million of the total television revenues.

M&L-owned revenues (including music and royalties): For Nine Months 2016, M&L-owned revenues increased 21% (13% organic and 8% acquisitive) to \$19.49 million (Nine Months 2015-\$16.06 million). For Nine Months 2016, the Company also recognized revenues of \$3.65 million associated with the combination of the *2015 Big Ticket Concert* tour and the Canadian leg of *The Next Step Wild Rhythm Tour*, a drop of 33%, versus \$5.44 million in Nine Months 2015 for *Yo Gabba Gabba! Live!* and *The Next Step Live on Stage* tours (see "Live Tours Update" section for further details). Excluding the live tour revenues, M&L-owned revenues for Nine Months 2016 were up 5.21 million or 49% from Nine Months 2015 as the Company continued to see acceleration and recognized revenues related to non-refundable minimum guarantees associated with *Telebubbies*, *In The Night Garden*, and *Twirlywoos*. These results were consistent with Management's quarterly pacing expectations as reported in the Q2 2016 MD&A and Management was very pleased with the strong growth in the non-live tour M&L-owned revenues

M&L-represented revenues: For Nine Months 2016, M&L-represented revenue was \$21.25 million up 122% (all organic) overall (Nine Months 2015-\$9.56 million) and were well above the high end of Management's previously reported expectations, driven mainly by the exceptional performance of our represented brands *Despicable Me* and *Minions* in several territories, and also significant growth in *Sesame Street*, *Dora the Explorer*, *The Pink Panther*, and *Jurassic World*. The results also benefited somewhat from weakness in the Canadian dollar compared to the GBP.

Producer and service fee revenues: For Nine Months 2016, the Company earned \$39.84 million for producer and service fee revenues, an increase of 86% (62% organic and 24% acquisitive) versus the \$21.47 million for Nine Months 2015, and above mid-point of Management's previously reported expectations from the Q2 2016 MD&A. This increase was a result of a combination of the acquisition of Nerd Corps and strong global demand for children's content.

New media and rental revenues: For Nine Months 2016, new media revenues decreased 35% ((49)% organic and 14% acquisitive) to \$2.13 million (Nine Months 2015-\$3.26 million) based primarily on apps, games, and the final UMIGO deliverables.

Gross Margin

Gross margin for Nine Months 2016 was \$129.36 million, an increase in absolute dollars of \$21.99 million or 20% compared to \$107.37 million for Nine Months 2015. The overall gross margin for Nine Months 2016 at 56% of revenue was near the mid-point of Management's previously reported expectations from the Q2 2016 MD&A, driven by slightly lower than expected distribution gross margins and proprietary production gross margins, offset by stronger than expected gross margins for DHX Television and net producer and service fees. Gross margin for Nine Months 2016 was calculated as revenues of \$229.49 million, less direct production costs and expense of investment in film of \$96.59 million and \$3.54 million expense of book value of acquired libraries, (Nine Months 2015-\$192.87 million less \$82.78 million and less \$2.71 million, respectively).

For Nine Months 2016, the margins for each revenue category in absolute dollars and as a margin percentage were as follows: production revenue margin of \$11.84 million or 32%, net producer and service fee revenue margin of \$18.82 million or 47%, distribution revenue margin of \$30.68 million or 54% (\$21.76 million or 38% when the remaining \$8.92 million for the expense of acquired libraries below the line is considered), M&L-owned margin was \$11.77 million or 60%, M&L-represented revenue margin was \$21.25 million or 100%, and new media margin of \$1.22 million or 57%. Gross margins for DHX Television was \$33.79 million or 63%, calculated as revenue of \$53.33 million less programming costs, third party content fees, and other direct creative costs of \$19.54 million. DHX Television margins at 63% for the Nine Months 2016 were towards the high end of Management's previously reported expectations from the Q2 2016 MD&A for this stage of the rebranding and were a direct result of lower external content costs.

Production margin at 32%, varies on product delivery mix and was within Management's quarterly expectations, albeit below the mid-point as the product delivery mix contained a higher percentage of live action titles than normal. Producer and service fee

margins can vary greatly and at 47% (as compared to 37% for Nine Months 2015) were above the high end of Management's expectations and have been positively impacted by the weakness in the Canadian dollar. Distribution margin can fluctuate greatly from title-to-title and at 54% was below the low end of Management's expectations as the product mix for the Nine Months 2016 contained a higher than expected weighting towards newer titles, which typically carry lower gross margins than library sales. It does, however, continue to bode well for future margins and for additional sales as the newer titles are in high demand.

Operating Expenses (Income)

SG&A

SG&A costs for Nine Months 2016 were up 28% at \$54.93 million compared to \$43.06 million for Nine Months 2015. For Nine Months 2016, SG&A includes all of the SG&A associated with the DHX Television, Echo Bridge, and Nerd Corps acquisitions. SG&A also reflects increased levels of SG&A within DHX Brands and DHX Distribution as Management has continued to add resources in these areas to take advantage of the M&L opportunities associated with *Teletubbies* and *Twirlywoos* and the global expansion of digital distribution platforms, including opportunities in China. Resources have also been added, and will continue to be added, to grow the Company's recently announced Wildbrain Multi-Platform Kids' Network. SG&A also includes \$4.44 million in non-cash share-based compensation (Nine Months 2015-\$3.09 million). When adjusted, cash SG&A at \$50.49 million was just above the top end of Management's Nine Months 2016 SG&A expectations from the Q2 2016 MD&A.

Amortization and Expense of Acquired Libraries

For Nine Months 2016, amortization and expense of acquired libraries was up 25% to \$19.53 million (Nine Months 2015-\$15.57 million). For Nine Months 2016, the expense of acquired libraries was up to \$8.92 million due to the Cookie Jar, Ragdoll, Epitome, Echo Bridge, and Nerd Corps acquisitions (Nine Months 2015-\$8.33 million). This expense is shown below the line as it relates to the library titles that have a maximum 20 year life for expense purposes, have minimal ongoing cash costs associated with selling, and are viewed as long-term assets [*note-the balance of expense of acquired library of \$3.54 million (Nine Months 2015-\$2.71 million) is shown as a reduction of gross margin noted above*]. For Nine Months 2016, amortization of P&E was \$3.26 million primarily due to the Epitome, DHX Television, and Nerd Corps acquisitions (Nine Months 2015-\$2.46 million). For Nine Months 2016, amortization of intangible assets was up 54% to \$7.35 million primarily due to the Epitome, DHX Television, and Nerd Corps acquisitions (Nine Months 2015-\$4.77 million).

Development Expenses and Other Charges and Tangible Benefit Obligation

During Nine Months 2016, there was \$4.12 million for development expenses and other charges (Nine Months 2015-\$16.93 million), which was made up of \$0.77 million in severance and other integration costs and \$3.35 million related to the previously disclosed rebranding of the DHX television channels. The Company recorded \$nil for Tangible Benefit Obligation Expense (Nine Months 2015-\$14.22 million).

Write-down of Certain Investments in Film and Television Programs

During Nine Months 2016, there was \$0.95 million recorded for write-down of certain investments in film and television programs (Nine Months 2015-\$0.53 million).

Acquisition Costs

During Nine Months 2016, there was \$nil for acquisition costs (Nine Months 2015-\$5.00 million for DHX Television, Echo Bridge, and Nerd Corps).

Finance Income (Expense)

For Nine Months 2016, the Company recorded net finance expense of \$15.03 million versus \$4.15 million net finance expense for Nine Months 2015. Nine Months 2016 net finance expense consists of \$13.88 million for interest on long-term debt and capital leases (Nine Months 2015-\$10.43 million), \$0.41 million for finance and bank charges including interest on the revolving line of credit (Nine Months 2015-\$1.15 million), a debt extinguishment charge of \$nil, being the pro-rata share of the unamortized debt issue costs recorded at the time of repayment of the Amended Term Facility (see "Senior Unsecured Notes" section of the MD&A for more details) (Nine Months 2015-\$3.91 million), changes to the debt premium of the Senior Unsecured Notes of \$0.02 million (Nine Months 2015-\$0.09 million), accretion on the tangible benefit obligation of \$0.63 million (Nine Months 2015-\$0.58 million), and changes in the fair value of the redemption option on the Senior Unsecured Notes of \$1.00 million (Nine Months 2015-\$1.34 million), offset by finance income of \$0.26 million (Nine Months 2015-\$0.22 million) and a foreign exchange gain of \$0.65 million (Nine Months 2015-\$10.28 million).

Adjusted EBITDA

For Nine Months 2016, Adjusted EBITDA was \$78.87 million, up \$11.47 million or 17% over \$67.40 million for Nine Months 2015. Please see the "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" and "Reconciliation of Historical Results to Adjusted EBITDA" sections of this MD&A for the definition and calculation of Adjusted EBITDA.

Income Taxes

Income tax for Nine Months 2016 was an expense of \$5.40 million (Nine Months 2015-\$6.30 million tax expense) made up of \$11.54 million expense (Nine Months 2015-\$12.78 million expense) for current income tax and deferred income tax recovery of \$6.14 million (Nine Months 2015-\$6.48 million recovery). During Nine Months 2016, the Company completed a reorganization of certain of its operations. Going forward, the Company expects its effective tax rate to revert to historical norms.

Net Income (Loss) and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

For Nine Months 2016 net income was \$29.41 million (\$0.24 basic and diluted earnings per share), compared to net income of \$15.84 million (\$0.13 basic and diluted income per share) for Nine Months 2015, an increase of \$13.57 million in absolute dollars. For Nine Months 2016, net income adjusted was \$32.30 million, or \$0.26 adjusted basic and adjusted diluted earnings per share, adjusted for identified charges totaling \$2.89 million (net of \$1.24 million tax effect). Net income adjusted is down (3)% as compared to \$33.40 million adjusted net income for Nine Months 2015 adjusted identified charges of \$17.57 million (net of \$7.46 million tax effect) or \$0.28 adjusted basic and \$0.27 diluted earnings per share. Please see the "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" and "Reconciliation of Historical Results to Adjusted Net Income" sections of this MD&A.

Comprehensive income for Nine Months 2016 was \$20.07 million, compared to comprehensive income of \$6.37 million for Nine Months 2015, or an increase of \$13.70 million in absolute dollars.

SELECTED CONSOLIDATED QUARTERLY FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The following table sets out selected consolidated financial information for each of the last eight quarters with the last one being the most recent quarter ended March 31, 2016. In the opinion of Management, this information has been prepared on the same basis as the audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 as filed on www.sedar.com, DHX's website at www.dhxmedia.com, or on EDGAR at www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml, and all necessary adjustments, consisting only of normal recurring adjustments, have been included in the amounts stated below to present fairly the unaudited quarterly results when read in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and the notes to those statements. ***The operating results for any quarter should not be relied upon as an indication of results for any future period.***

(All numbers are in thousands except per share data)	Fiscal 2016 ¹			Fiscal 2015 ¹				Fiscal 2014 ¹
	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4	Q3	Q2	Q1	Q4
	31-Mar \$	31-Dec \$	30-Sep \$	30-Jun \$	31-Mar \$	31-Dec \$	30-Sep \$	30-Jun \$
Revenue	84,095	81,480	63,910	71,170	85,582	64,256	43,031	29,745
Gross Margin ²	50,512	44,287	34,557	37,666	44,793	37,507	25,074	18,864
Adjusted EBITDA ^{2 & 3}	32,736	27,759	18,372	22,810	29,803	23,869	13,727	10,192
Net Income (Loss)	10,219	11,671	7,524	3,696	18,031	5,539	(7,733)	1,040
Adjusted Net Income ²	11,384	12,594	8,321	5,006	18,031	9,832	5,535	2,551
Comprehensive Income (Loss)	6,896	9,476	3,694	6,014	13,771	3,222	(10,626)	2,197
Basic Earnings (Loss) Per Common Share ⁴	0.08	0.09	0.06	0.03	0.15	0.05	(0.06)	0.01
Diluted Earnings (Loss) Per Common Share ⁴	0.08	0.09	0.06	0.03	0.14	0.04	(0.06)	0.01
Adjusted Basic Earnings Per Common Share ⁵	0.09	0.10	0.07	0.04	0.15	0.08	0.05	0.02
Adjusted Diluted Earnings Per Common Share ⁵	0.09	0.10	0.07	0.04	0.14	0.08	0.05	0.02

¹The financial information for Q3 2016, Q2 2016, Q1 2016, Q4 2015, and Q3 2015 includes the full results for all of the Company's operations. The financial information for the Q2 2015 includes the full results for all of the Company's operations except: i) the Echo Bridge assets, which were owned for 49 days; and ii) Nerd Corps, which had only 9 days of activity. The financial information for Q1 2015 includes financial information for all operations except DHX Television, which only had 61 days of activity, and the Echo Bridge assets and Nerd Corps, as this was prior to these acquisitions. The financial information for Q4 2014 includes the full results for all the Company's operations except Epitome, which only had 89 days of financial activity, and DHX Television, the Echo Bridge assets, and Nerd Corps, as this was prior to these acquisitions.

²Certain of the comparative Non-GAAP Financial Measures ("NGFM") are adjusted for all necessary adjustments, consisting of normal recurring adjustments and any changes in the current definition of NGFM (see "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section of this MD&A for further details) (also see the "Reconciliation of Historical Results to Adjusted EBITDA" and "Reconciliation of Historical Results to Adjusted Net Income" sections of this MD&A).

³Adjusted EBITDA is calculated as outlined in the "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" and "Reconciliation of Historical Results to Adjusted EBITDA" sections of this MD&A as management believes the adjusted figures to be a more meaningful indicator of operating performance. A detailed reconciliation of Adjusted EBITDA for each period can be found in the "Reconciliation of Historical Results to Adjusted EBITDA" section of the MD&A for each respective period.

⁴Note for Fiscal 2015 basic earnings per common share is \$0.16 and diluted earnings per common share is \$0.16, however due to rounding Q1-Q4 2015 sums to \$0.17 and \$0.15, respectively.

⁵Basic adjusted and diluted adjusted earnings per share for Q3 2016 has been calculated by adding back identified charges of \$1.17 million (net of tax effect of \$0.50 million); Q2 2016 has been adjusted by identified charges of \$0.92 million (net of tax effect of \$0.40 million); Q1 2016 has been adjusted by identified charges of \$0.80 million (net of tax effect of \$0.34 million); Q4 2015 has been adjusted by acquisition costs and identified charges of \$1.31 million (net of tax effect of \$0.48 million); Q3 2015 does not contain any adjustments for identified charges; Q2 2015 - acquisition costs and identified charges of \$1.48 million (net of \$0.40 million tax recovery) and a debt extinguishment charge of \$2.82 million (net of a tax effect of \$1.10 million); Q1 2015 - acquisition costs and identified charges of \$2.82 million (net of \$1.10 million tax effect) and tangible benefit obligation expense of \$10.45 million (net of tax effect of \$3.77 million); Q4 2014 - acquisition costs and identified charges of \$1.50 million (net of \$0.68 million tax effect) to the period net income and dividing by the number of weighted average common shares outstanding for basic and diluted for each quarter (Q3 2016 - 125,218 and 126,218; Q2 2016 - 124,734 and 126,508; Q1 2016 - 123,987 and 126,290; Q4 2015 - 123,459 and 126,147; Q3 2015 - 123,207 and 126,098; Q2 2015 - 120,414 and 123,602; Q1 2015 - 119,894 and 122,969; and Q4 2014 - 119,585 and 122,485, respectively).

Results for the three months ended March 31, 2016 (“Q3 2016”) compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015 (“Q3 2015”)

Revenues

Revenues for Q3 2016 were \$84.10 million, down 2% from \$85.58 million for Q3 2015. The decrease in Q3 2016 was largely a result of Q3 2015 distribution revenues having included \$12.78 million in streaming revenues for *Degrassi*, approximately \$6-8 million of which represented a catch up from calendar 2014. A detailed review of each source of revenue is included below.

Proprietary production revenues: Proprietary production revenues for Q3 2016 were \$12.11 million, a decrease of 20% compared to \$15.05 million for Q3 2015, partially a result of certain titles being delivered early in Q2 2016, as noted in the Q2 2016 MD&A. For Q3 2016, the Company added 63.0 proprietary half-hours to the library up 5% versus 60.0 proprietary half-hours for Q3 2015. For Q3 2016, the Company added 74.0 half-hours of third party produced titles with distribution rights (Q3 2015-nil). The proprietary production revenue was slightly below Management's expected range for quarterly pacing provided in the Q2 2016 MD&A. Management has revised its annual proprietary production revenue expectations slightly downward to reflect expected deliveries for the remainder of the year (see delivery chart below for further details).

The breakdown for content library deliveries (including proprietary deliveries and deliveries on Distribution rights for third party produced titles) and dollar value subtotals per category for Q3 2016 and Q3 2015 was as follows:

Category and Title	Season or Type	Q3 2016		Q3 2015	
		\$ Million	Half-hours	\$ Million	Half-hours
Children's and Family:					
Proprietary					
<i>Airmageddon</i>	I		11		—
<i>The Deep</i>	I		6		—
<i>Degrassi</i>	XIV		—		9
<i>Endangered Species</i>	II		—		5
<i>Hank Zipzer</i>	III		5		—
<i>Inspector Gadget</i>	I		—		10
<i>Kate & Mim-Mim</i>	II		5		—
<i>Looped</i>	I		—		12
<i>Make it Pop!</i>	I		—		4
<i>Make it Pop!</i>	II		8		—
<i>Open Heart</i>	I		—		10
<i>The Other Kingdom</i>	I		13		—
<i>Slugterra</i>	IV		1		—
<i>Supernoobs</i>	I		2		—
<i>Subtotals</i>		\$ 9.98	51	\$ 12.88	50
Third Party Produced Titles with Distribution Rights					
<i>Backstage</i>			11		—
<i>Fangbone</i>			7		—
<i>Gaming Show</i>			15		—
<i>Kuu Kuu Harajuku</i>			11		—
<i>Messy Goes to Okido</i>			10		—
<i>Rainbow Ruby</i>			10		—
<i>Twirlywoos</i>			10		—
<i>Subtotals</i>		—	74	—	—
Total Children's and Family		\$9.98	125	\$12.88	50
Comedy:					
Proprietary					
<i>This Hour Has 22 Minutes</i>	XXII		—		10
<i>This Hour Has 22 Minutes</i>	XXIII		12		—
Total Comedy		\$2.13	12	\$2.17	10
Total Proprietary		\$12.11	63	\$15.05	60
Total Third Party Produced Titles with Distribution Rights		—	74	—	—
		\$12.11	137	\$15.05	60

Distribution revenues: For Q3 2016, distribution revenues were down 21% to \$23.93 million, from \$30.48 million for Q3 2015, an uneven comparison as Q3 2015 distribution revenues included \$12.78 million in streaming for *Degrassi*, approximately \$6-8 million of which represented a catch up from calendar 2014. Management continues to see strong annual growth from new digital customers, platforms, and territories. For Q3 2016, amongst other key distribution deals for both linear and digital platforms, the Company closed significant deals with Buena Vista International, Sony, Super RTL, and Viacom, Inc. Also included in these figures are certain digital revenues such as advertising and subscription video on demand ("VOD") revenues, from multiple platforms including Amazon and YouTube (now unveiled as Wildbrain).

Television revenues: For Q3 2016, DHX Television revenues were down 23% to \$15.73 million from \$20.41 million from Q3 2015, and were within Management's expected range from the Q2 2016 MD&A. Approximately 92% or \$14.49 million of the television revenues were subscriber revenues, while advertising, promotion, and digital revenues accounted for a combined 8% or \$1.24 million of the total television revenues. Advertising and promotion revenues typically peak during the holiday season. Management has slightly reduced its annual revenue expectations for DHX Television. See "DHX Television Update" section for additional details.

M&L-owned revenues (including music and royalties): For Q3 2016, the M&L-owned revenues were \$10.43 million, up 63% as compared to \$6.40 million for Q3 2015. For Q3 2016, M&L-owned revenues included \$3.65 million from the 22 city Canadian leg of *The Next Step Wild Rhythm Tour*, compared to Q3 2015, which included combined revenues of \$1.96 million from *The Next Step Live on Stage* tour and *Yo Gabba Gabba! Live!* show. Excluding the live tour revenues, Management was very pleased with M&L-owned revenues for Q3 2016 which were up 52% as the Company continued to recognize revenues related to non-refundable minimum guarantees associated with *Teletubbies*, *In The Night Garden*, and *Twirlywoos*. M&L-owned revenues were above the mid-point of Management's quarterly expectations from the Q2 2016 MD&A based on the timing of recognition of certain minimum guarantees.

M&L-represented revenues: For Q3 2016, M&L-represented revenues were up \$3.92 million to \$7.42 million compared to Q3 2015 at \$3.50 million, and were above the high end of Management's previously reported expectations from the Q2 2016 MD&A, driven mainly by the strong performance of our represented brands *Despicable Me* and *Minions* in several territories but also significant growth in *Sesame Street*, *Dora the Explorer*, *The Pink Panther*, and *Jurassic World*. As a result, Management has increased its annual revenue expectations.

Producer and service fee revenues: For Q3 2016, the Company earned \$14.05 million for producer and service fee revenues, an increase of 71% versus the \$8.21 million from Q3 2015, which was at the high end of Management's expectations and as a result management has increased its annual revenue expectations.

New media revenues: For Q3 2016, new media revenues were down \$1.09 million or 71% to \$0.44 million (Q3 2015-\$1.53 million) based primarily on apps and games as the UMIGO project has now been completed, accounting for the decline in revenues.

Gross Margin

Gross margin for Q3 2016 was \$50.51 million, an increase in absolute dollars of \$5.72 million or 13% compared to \$44.79 million for Q3 2015. The overall gross margin for Q3 2016 at 60% of revenue was above the mid-point of Management's quarterly expectations as reported in the Q2 2016 MD&A, the result of strong margins for DHX Television, which at 71% was above the high end of Management's expectations, and higher than expected margins for net producer and service fee revenues, offset by slightly lower than expected distribution margins and lower proprietary production margins as the product delivery mix contained a higher than normal percentage of live action shows, which typically carry lower margins. Gross margin for Q3 2016, including DHX Television, was calculated as revenues of \$84.10 million, less direct production costs and expense of investment in film of \$33.39 million and \$0.20 million expense of book value of acquired libraries, (Q3 2015-\$85.58 million less \$39.36 million and less \$1.43 million, respectively).

For Q3 2016, the margins for each revenue category in absolute dollars and as a margin percentage were as follows: production revenue margin of \$3.47 million or 29%, net producer and service fee revenue margin of \$8.03 million or 57%, distribution revenue margin of \$13.69 million or 57% (\$11.32 million or 47% when the remaining \$2.38 million for the expense of acquired libraries below the line is removed), television margin was \$11.16 million or 71%, M&L-owned margin was \$6.34 million or 61%, M&L-represented revenue margin was \$7.42 million or 100%, and new media margin of \$0.40 million or 91%.

Operating Expenses (Income)

SG&A

SG&A costs for Q3 2016 increased 18% to \$19.30 million compared to \$16.36 million for Q3 2015. SG&A reflects increased levels of SG&A within DHX Brands and DHX Distribution as Management has continued to add resources in these areas to take advantage of the M&L opportunities associated with *Teletubbies* and *Twirlywoos* and the global expansion of digital distribution platforms, including opportunities in China. Resources have also been added, and will continue to be added, to grow the Company's recently announced Wildbrain Multi-Platform Kids' Network. The Q3 2016 SG&A also includes accruals for certain contractually required incentives, a direct result of the strong year-to-date performance of CPLG, the Company's M&L-represented business unit. SG&A includes \$1.53 million (Q3 2015-\$1.38 million) in non-cash share-based compensation, the result of the acceleration of the vesting of certain stock options based on performance. When adjusted, cash SG&A at \$17.77 million was slightly above Management's quarterly SG&A expectations.

Amortization and Expense of Acquired Libraries

For Q3 2016, amortization and expense of acquired libraries was down 10% to \$6.32 million (Q3 2015-\$7.03 million). For Q3 2016, the expense of acquired libraries was \$2.38 million, primarily due to the Cookie Jar, Epitome, Ragdoll, Echo Bridge, and Nerd Corps acquisitions (Q3 2015-\$3.59 million). This expense is shown below the line as it relates to the library titles that have a maximum 20 year life for expense purposes, have minimal ongoing cash costs associated with selling, and are viewed as long-term assets [*note-the balance of expense of acquired library of \$0.20 million (Q3 2015-\$1.43 million), relating to the book value of the investment in film upon acquisition, is shown as a reduction of gross margin noted above*]. For Q3 2016, amortization of P&E was up 24% to \$1.07 million primarily due to the Epitome, DHX Television, and Nerd Corps acquisitions (Q3 2015-\$0.86

million). For Q3 2016, amortization of intangible assets was up 12% to \$2.87 million primarily due to the Epitome, DHX Television, Ragdoll, and Nerd Corps acquisitions (Q3 2015-\$2.57 million, Cookie Jar, Ragdoll, Epitome, and DHX Television only).

Development Expenses and Other Charges and Tangible Benefit Obligation

During Q3 2016, there was \$1.67 million recorded for development expenses and other charges (Q3 2015-\$0.81 million), which related entirely to rebranding of the DHX Television channels, which was made up of \$0.37 million in severance and other integration costs and \$1.30 million related to the rebranding of the DHX Television channels.

Write-down of Certain Investments in Film and Television Programs

During Q3 2016, there was \$0.45 million recorded for write-down of certain investments in film and television programs (Q3 2015-\$0.52 million).

Acquisition Costs

During Q3 2016, there was \$nil recorded for acquisition costs (Q3 2015-\$nil for Echo Bridge and Nerd Corps).

Finance Income (Expense)

For Q3 2016, the Company recorded net finance expense of \$11.81 million versus \$4.62 million net finance income for Q3 2015, largely a result of incurring a net foreign exchange loss of \$6.00 million, versus a net foreign exchange gain of \$7.98 million in Q3 2015, as the Canadian dollar rose swiftly in Q3 2016. As previously noted, the Company completed a reorganization of certain of its operations, which is expected to reduce the Company's accounting exposure to foreign exchange gains and losses on a go forward basis. Q3 2016 net finance expense consists of \$5.37 million for interest costs on long-term debt and capital leases (Q3 2015-\$4.06 million), \$0.12 million for finance and bank charges including interest on the revolving line of credit (Q3 2015-\$0.26 million), accretion on the tangible benefit obligation of \$0.17 million (Q3 2015-\$0.22 million), a foreign exchange loss of \$6.00 million (Q3 2015-\$7.98 million foreign exchange gain), changes in the fair value of the redemption option on the Senior Unsecured Notes of \$0.25 million (Q3 2015-\$1.07 million), and amortization of debt premiums of \$0.01 million (Q3 2015-\$0.07 million), offset by finance income of \$0.10 million (Q3 2015-\$0.04 million).

Adjusted EBITDA

For Q3 2016, Adjusted EBITDA was \$32.74 million, up \$2.93 million or 10% over \$29.80 million for Q3 2015. Please see the "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" and "Reconciliation of Historical Results to Adjusted EBITDA" sections of this MD&A for the definition and calculation of Adjusted EBITDA.

Income Taxes

Income tax for Q3 2016 was an expense of \$0.76 million (Q3 2015-\$6.67 million tax expense) made up of \$3.70 million expense (Q3 2015-\$4.63 million expense) for current income tax and deferred income tax recovery of \$2.94 million (Q3 2015-\$2.04 million expense). During Q3 2016, the Company completed a reorganization of certain of its operations. Going forward, the Company expects its effective tax rate to revert to historical norms.

Net Income and Comprehensive Income

For Q3 2016 net income was \$10.22 million (\$0.08 basic and diluted earnings per share), compared to net income of \$18.03 million (\$0.15 basic and \$0.14 diluted earnings per share) for Q3 2015, or a decrease of \$7.81 million, or 43%. For Q3 2016, net income adjusted was \$11.38 million or \$0.09 adjusted basic and \$0.09 adjusted diluted earnings per share, adjusted for identified charges of \$1.17 million (net of \$0.50 million tax effect), as compared to \$18.03 million adjusted net income for Q3 2015 adjusted for identified charges of \$nil (net of \$nil tax effect) or \$0.15 adjusted basic and \$0.14 adjusted diluted earnings per share. Please see the "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" and "Reconciliation of Historical Results to Adjusted Net Income" sections of this MD&A.

Comprehensive income for Q3 2016 was \$6.90 million, compared to comprehensive income of \$13.77 million for Q3 2015, or a decrease of \$6.88 million, or 50%.

Liquidity and Capital Resources	March 31,	June 30,		
	2016	2015		
	\$	\$		
	(Amounts in Thousands, Except Balance Sheet Ratios)			
Key Balance Sheet Amounts and Ratios:				
Cash and restricted cash	48,741	42,907		
Long-term assets	395,020	370,951		
Working capital	228,055	198,162		
Long-term and other liabilities	344,122	307,159		
Working capital ratio ⁽¹⁾	1.82	1.83		
	Three Months Ended	Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended	Nine Months Ended
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Cash Inflows (Outflows) by Activity:				
Operating activities	2,551	20,095	(28,816)	20,948
Financing activities	(11,817)	(6,106)	52,400	197,019
Investing activities	(2,074)	(9,143)	(18,100)	(212,716)
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes on cash	(480)	335	350	607
Net cash inflows (outflows)	(11,820)	5,181	5,834	5,858
Adjusted Operating Activities ⁽²⁾	1,980	23,188	(4,756)	34,507

- (1) Working capital ratio is current assets divided by current liabilities (see the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015).
- (2) See "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section of this MD&A for a definition of Adjusted Operating Activities. Certain of the past period figures for Adjusted Operating Activities may differ from the previously filed MD&A's due to Management's decision to change the definition of this calculation in 2015. Adjusted Operating Activities includes changes in bank indebtedness which Management believes relate to operations. Cash inflows from Adjusted Operating Activities are calculated as follows:

	Three Months Ended	Three Months Ended	Nine Months Ended	Nine Months Ended
	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015	March 31, 2016	March 31, 2015
Operating activities	2,551	20,095	(28,816)	20,948
Proceeds from (repayment of) bank indebtedness	(5,815)	(1,700)	3,358	(4,930)
Proceeds from (repayment of) interim production financing	5,244	4,755	20,702	3,879
Decrease in restricted cash	—	38	—	4
Exclude effect of capital transaction on bank indebtedness	—	—	—	10,310
Acquisition costs, net of estimated taxes	—	—	—	4,296
Adjusted Operating Activities	1,980	23,188	(4,756)	34,507

*Certain of the 2015 comparative figures have been adjusted to conform to the 2016 definitions.

Changes in Cash

Cash at March 31, 2016 was \$48.74 million, as compared to \$60.56 million and \$42.91 million at December 31, 2015 and June 30, 2015, respectively.

For nine months ended March 31, 2016, cash flows used in operating activities were \$28.82 million. Cash flows from operating activities were net income of \$29.41 million and adding back non-cash items of amortization of P&E, intangible assets, unrealized foreign exchange loss, finance fee expenses, write-down of certain investment in film and television programs, amortization of bond premium, movement in fair value of the embedded derivatives, tangible benefit related accretion expense, and share-based compensation of \$3.25 million, \$7.35 million, \$2.45 million, \$1.22 million, \$0.95 million, \$0.02 million, \$1.00 million, \$0.63 million, and \$4.44 million, respectively. Cash flows used in operating activities were for \$26.60 million for net change in non-cash balances related to operations, which includes an outflow of \$3.36 million in Tangible Benefit Obligation payments made during the period, \$6.14 million for deferred income tax recovery, and \$46.81 million for net change investment in film and television programs. *The net cash outflow from operations for the nine months ended March 31, 2016 is a direct result of i) the Company making a decision to ramp up its production activities at a time when demand for content is robust, ii) the Company acquiring additional content as part of the rebranding of DHX Television, and iii) the natural seasonality of the production and content acquisition seasons in both the production and broadcasting businesses. Specifically, during Nine Months 2016, the Company had episodic deliveries for twelve proprietary series', including six live action series' (see page 7*

for details of deliveries) and at March 31, 2016, the Company had 11 greenlit series' in progress. At March 31, 2016, the net cost of the Company's productions in progress (refer to note 5 to the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016) was \$29.0 million, at June 30, 2015 the balance was \$23.2 million, and at March 31, 2015, the balance was \$14.8 million. As indicated in the Q2 2016 MD&A, these figures began to reverse in Q3 2016 and are expected to further reverse in Q4 2016.

For nine months ended March 31, 2016, cash flows provided by financing activities were \$52.40 million. Cash flows used in financing activities resulted from dividends paid of \$5.41 million, funds used to repurchase and cancel shares pursuant to a normal course issuer bid of \$5.04 million, and repayments on long term debt of \$11.35 million. Cash flows from financing activities were provided by proceeds from interim production financing of \$20.70 million, proceeds from long-term debt of \$47.20 million, employee share purchase plan and options proceeds of \$2.94 million, and proceeds from bank indebtedness of \$3.36 million.

For nine months ended March 31, 2016, cash flows used in investing activities were \$1.48 million for acquisitions of P&E and \$16.62 million for acquisition of and cost of generating intangible assets.

Working Capital

Working capital ("**Working Capital**") represents the Company's current assets less current liabilities. Working Capital increased by \$29.89 million as at March 31, 2016 versus June 30, 2015.

Based on the Company's current revenue expectations for Fiscal 2016, which are based on contracted and expected production, distribution, M&L, broadcasting, and other revenue, the Company believes cash generated from operations and will be sufficient to satisfy Working Capital needs for at least the next twelve months. Management believes the current Working Capital totalling \$228.06 million is sufficient to execute its current business plan.

Amended and Restricted Senior Credit Facilities

Concurrently with the closing of the acquisition of DHX Television, the Company entered into an Amended and Restated Senior Secured Credit Agreement (the "**Amended Senior Secured Credit Agreement**") with a syndicate of lenders, which amended the terms of the existing credit facilities. The Amended Senior Secured Credit Agreement provides for a revolving facility (the "Amended Revolving Facility") of up to \$30,000 and a term facility (the "Amended Term Facility") of up to \$235,000, maturing on July 31, 2019.

Effective November 13, 2014, commensurate with the closing of the Company's acquisition of the Echo Bridge assets, the Amended Term Facility was amended to include an additional principal amount of US\$12,000, also maturing on July 31, 2019.

Effective December 23, 2014, commensurate with the closing of the Company's acquisition of Nerd Corps, the Amended Term Facility was amended to include an additional principal amount of \$20,000, also maturing on July 31, 2019.

Effective December 31, 2015, the Amended Term Facility was amended to include additional principal amounts of \$20,000 and US \$20,000.

The Amended Revolving Facility may be drawn down by way of either \$CDN bankers acceptances, \$CDN prime, \$USD base rate, \$USD LIBOR, €EUR LIBOR and/or £GBP LIBOR advances (the "Drawdown Rate") and bears interest at a floating rate ranging from the Drawdown Rate +1.25% to +4.50%. The Amended Term Facility may be drawn down by way of the Drawdown Rate and bears interest at a floating rate ranging from the Drawdown Rate +1.25% to +4.50%. The Amended Term Facility is repayable in annual amortization payments (expressed as a percentage of the initial principal amount of the Amended Term Facility) of 10% annually, payable in equal quarterly installments on the last day of each quarter, which commenced in Q2 2015, with the remaining amount due on maturity.

All amounts borrowed pursuant to the Amended Senior Secured Credit Facility are guaranteed by the Company and certain of its subsidiaries (the "Guarantors"), with certain of the Company's subsidiaries providing a first priority security interest in respect of all of their capital stock in favour of the syndicate of lenders, as well as all present and after acquired real and personal property of the Company and the Guarantors.

Pursuant to the Amended Senior Secured Credit Agreement, the Company must maintain its Leverage Ratio at less than 3.50 times.

Senior Unsecured Notes

On December 2, 2014, the Company completed a private placement of senior unsecured notes due on December 2, 2021 with an aggregate principal amount of \$175.0 million (the "**Senior Unsecured Notes**" or "**Notes**"). The Senior Unsecured Notes bear interest at 5.875% per annum, payable semi-annually in arrears on June 2 and December 2 of each year until maturity.

The first interest payment was paid on June 2, 2015. The Senior Unsecured Notes are guaranteed by the Company and certain of its subsidiaries and are unsecured obligations.

Net proceeds of \$169.76 million from the issuance of the Senior Unsecured Notes were used to repay indebtedness under the Company's Amended and Restated Senior Secured Credit Agreement, with \$18.0 million being repaid on the Amended Revolving Facility and \$151.76 million being repaid on the Amended Term Facility, resulting in the recognition of a debt extinguishment charge, being a portion of the previously unamortized debt issue costs on the Amended Term Facility at the time of principal repayment.

The Senior Unsecured Notes contain embedded derivatives (the "**Embedded Derivatives**"). The Senior Unsecured Notes contain a redemption option (the "**Redemption Option**") whereby the Company can redeem all or part of the Senior Unsecured Notes. The Senior Unsecured Notes also contain a put option (the "**Put Option**") whereby the lender can redeem all or part of the Senior Unsecured Note upon a change of control of the Company. On initial recognition, the Embedded Derivatives were recorded at their calculated fair value and grouped with the Senior Unsecured Notes. The Embedded Derivatives are adjusted to its fair value at each reporting date and any change in fair value is recorded within finance expense in the consolidated statement of income. On initial recognition, the carrying value of the Senior Unsecured Notes was reduced by the net calculated fair value of the Embedded Derivatives, and is amortized over the term of the Senior Unsecured Notes.

The Notes contain non-financial covenants and customary events of default clauses. As of March 31, 2016, the Company was in compliance with all of its covenants under the Notes.

Production Financing Agreement

On August 5, 2014, the Company entered into an agreement with CIBC Commercial Banking to provide a \$20.00 million demand revolving loan, available by way of an unlimited number of individual loans (the "Segment Loans") made to finance production expenses related to eligible productions (the "Eligible Productions"). The Segment Loans may be drawn down in either Canadian dollars or US dollars and bear interest of \$CDN prime plus 0.75% or \$USD base rate plus 0.75%, respectively. Each Segment Loan is secured by the tangible and intangible assets of each Eligible Production, assignment and direction of production financing contracts and tax credits and a subordinated, unsecured guarantee from DHX Media Ltd. At March 31, 2016, the Company had \$13.41 million available on this facility.

Capital Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to provide an adequate return to shareholders, safeguard its assets, maintain a competitive cost structure and continue as a going concern in order to pursue the development, production, distribution, broadcasting, and licensing of its film and television properties.

To facilitate the management of its capital structure, the Company prepares annual expenditure operating budgets that are updated as necessary depending on various factors such as material acquisitions and including industry conditions and operating cash flow. The annual and updated budgets are reviewed by the Board of Directors.

The Company monitors capital using a number of financial ratios, specifically, as at March 31, 2016, pursuant to the amended Senior Secured Credit, including but not limited to:

- Leverage Ratio, defined as net funded debt (the total of all obligations for borrowed money which bear interest or imputed interest, net of all non-production related cash, excluding interim production financing, all capital lease obligations, and any contingent liabilities) ("**Net Funded Debt**") to consolidated adjusted EBITDA (rolling consolidated adjusted EBITDA (pro-forma last 12 months) less foreign exchange gains or losses on intercompany debt, production-related EBITDA and certain acquisition costs); and
- The Fixed Charge Ratio, defined as consolidated adjusted EBITDA less current income taxes and unfunded capital expenditures to fixed charges (consolidated interest expense and scheduled principal payments on Funded Debt).

The following table illustrates the financial ratios calculated on a rolling twelve-month basis as at:

	Measure targets	March 31, 2016
Leverage Ratio	< 3.5x	2.91
Fixed Charge Ratio	> 1.5x	2.63

As of March 31, 2016, the Company is in compliance with these ratios.

Contractual Obligations⁶

As of March 31, 2016

Payments Due by Period

(All amounts are in thousands)

	Total	Fiscal 2016	Fiscal 2017-2018	Fiscal 2019-2020	After Fiscal 2021
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Bank indebtedness ⁽¹⁾	3,358	3,358	—	—	—
Capital lease for equipment ⁽²⁾	4,533	526	3,367	640	—
Other Liabilities ⁽³⁾	29,676	3,023	19,233	4,947	2,473
Long-term debt payments (principal and interest) ⁽⁴⁾	399,622	8,352	65,294	136,329	189,647
Operating leases ⁽⁵⁾	46,605	1,786	13,806	9,285	21,728
Total Contractual Obligations	483,794	17,045	101,700	151,201	213,848

- (1) Revolving Facility with a maximum amount of \$30.0 million bearing implied interest based on Bankers Acceptances at 5.04%.
- (2) Pursuant to finance leases for video editing, leaseholds, and other office and production equipment, the obligations bear implied interest ranging from 4.0% to 9.8% and mature from April 2016 to February 2019. Principal balances are included in note 7 to the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016.
- (3) Other liabilities include the tangible benefit obligation per DHX Television acquisition and other contractual liabilities.
- (4) See note 7(c) to the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 for details.
- (5) Pursuant to operating leases. See note 13 to the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 for details.
- (6) In addition to the totals above, the Company has interim production financing owing in the amount of \$88.45 million (see note 7(b) to the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 for further details). The Company also has entered into various contracts to buy broadcast rights with future commitments totalling \$15.10 million.

Outlook

The Company's March 31, 2016 balance sheet remains strong with approximately \$48.7 million in cash on hand. Management continues to focus on its core strengths of developing, producing, distributing its 11,500 half-hour library, and licensing the best possible quality Children's and Family programs with the goal of increasing cash flows from operations and profitability through existing production, television, and distribution streams and emerging distribution including digital, music and M&L opportunities. The Company is committed to growing its content library annually by a goal of 1-2% (approximately 100-200 half-hours) organically and through the acquisition of third party titles.

Management's annual 2016 outlook, as previously reported, is reproduced and updated as required below.

Management's Annual Targets

Management targets the mid-point of the ranges that follow. The low-end represents contractual likely sales or Management's conservative estimates for each revenue stream. For example, for production revenue, proprietary shows currently in production and contracted would fall in the low-end of the range and only be subject to delivery or scheduling risk. For distribution and M&L-owned, Management's low-end estimate is based on the Company's existing experience in executing and closing licensing deals and its ability to pull a reasonable amount of the potential sales through the pipeline. The high-end represents the likely upper boundary of additional possible licensing deals based on taking a more aggressive view on the existing pipeline. These potential additional licensing deals are mostly not yet contracted. Management's Annual Targets included in this section has been prepared by, and is the responsibility of, the Company's management. PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP has neither examined, compiled, nor performed any procedures with respect to Management's Annual Targets; and accordingly, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP does not express an opinion or any other form of assurance with respect to this financial information.

Revenues

For Fiscal 2016, DHX expects the following targeted ranges:

- For production revenue and producer and service fee revenues: \$40-45 million, revised slightly downward, and \$47.5-52.5 million, revised slightly upward, respectively. Management expects quarterly revenue pacing *revised* slightly to be approximately 10%, 49%, 28%, 13%, and 29%, 23%, 27%, 21%, for Q1 to Q4, respectively.

- For distribution (library) revenues, including both digital and traditional distribution revenue sources: \$80-90 million, revised slightly downward. Management expects quarterly revenue pacing *revised* slightly to be approximately 16%, 22%, 28%, 34% for Q1 to Q4, respectively, noting that Q3 2015 included a couple of items which did not recur in Q3 2016.
- For M&L on owned brands (*Teletubbies*, *Yo Gabba Gabba!*, *Caillou*, *Johnny Test*, *In the Night Garden*, *Degrassi*, *Twirlywoos*, *Slugterra*, and *Make It Pop*) including music, royalty, and live tour revenue: \$23-27 million. Management expects quarterly revenue pacing to be approximately 18%, 17%, 41%, 24% for Q1 to Q4, respectively.
- For M&L represented, *revised* slightly upwards: \$26-29 million, with the pacing split equally between Q3 and Q4.
- For other revenue, including new media, *revised* slightly downwards: \$2-3 million.
- For DHX TV, revised slightly downward: \$67.5-72.5 million (see "DHX TV Update" section for further details).

Gross Margins

Management has set the following target ranges for gross margins across its various revenue categories:

	Expected Quarterly Ranges	Expected Annual Ranges
Proprietary Production	25-40%	31-37%**
Production Service	35-45%	40-45%
Distribution	55-75%	55-70%
M&L-owned	50-70%	55-65%
DHX Television	55-70%	60-65%*
M&L-represented	90-100%	95-100%
Other, including New Media	15-35%	20-30%

*after implementation of the rebranding on November 30, 2015, margin has increased as a result of lower programming costs.

** margins have been revised slightly to reflect the expected product mix.

Operating Expenses (Income)

For Fiscal 2016, DHX expects normalized quarterly cash SG&A *revised* slightly upwards to range from \$16.5-17.5 million, including all operations as we slightly ramp up resources in both distribution and M&L to take advantage of emerging growth opportunities in digital platforms and new territories, for example, China. Resources will also continue to be added to grow the Company's recently announced Wildbrain Multi-Platform Network. Management expects this investment will pay off in the years to come with continued digital territory expansion and increased M&L revenues from owned properties. In addition, DHX expects to invest \$3.5-4 million in non-recurring marketing and sales efforts in executing its rebranding strategy for DHX Television, a portion of which is not expected to be incurred until 2017 (Nine Months 2016-\$3.35 million).

For Fiscal 2016, amortization for all categories and expense of acquired libraries for all categories (note: this is the amortization for below the line only and excludes expense of film and television and expense of book value of acquired libraries) and development expense when considered together are expected to be in the range of \$24-29 million. For Fiscal 2016, non-cash share-based compensation and other expenses (including acquisition costs) are expected to be in the following ranges respectively: \$5-6 million and \$1.5-2.5 million. For Fiscal 2016, cash finance expense is expected to range from \$16-18 million.

As previously disclosed, the Company recorded a non-recurring expense for the tangible benefit obligation related to the acquisition of DHX Television of \$14.2 million, which is further detailed in the section entitled "Tangible Benefit Obligation" under Operating Expenses (Income). During Fiscal 2016, the Company expects to use cash of \$2-4 million to fund the tangible benefit obligation, \$3.36 million of which was incurred in the nine months ended March 31, 2016.

As noted, results of operations for any period are dependent on the number and timing of film and television programs delivered and the licensing deals contracted; accordingly, period results may vary.

Live Tours Update

During Q1 2016, the Company completed its 2015 *Big Ticket Summer Concert* tour, performing 7 shows in 7 Canadian cities. During Q3 2016, the Company completed the previously announced 22 city Canadian portion of *The Next Step Wild Rhythm Tour*, and in Q4 2016 will complete the 8 city international portion of the tour. Management believes that there are additional live tour opportunities based on other proprietary brands building momentum, including potentially *Make It Pop*,

Backstage, Teletubbies, In The Night Garden, and Twirlywoos. This represents potential upside for touring and M&L revenues and Management will provide an update as these plans unfold in upcoming periods.

Recent Transactions

DHX Television Update

On April 15, 2015, the Company announced that it would rebrand three of DHX Television's four channels and transition away from its content supply agreement with the Walt Disney Company (“**Disney**”) and the rebranding strategy launched in early September 2015. In November 2015, as part of the transition following the discontinuation of the Disney output agreement, Disney Junior (English) and Disney XD was rebranded to leverage the Family Channel brand, as Family Junior (English) and Family CHRGD, respectively. Disney Junior (French) was rebranded as Télémagino. These rebrandings will leverage on Family Channel's status as the most watched children's service in the country among kids age 8-14, 12-17, and 2-17 in Canada.

We are very pleased to report that agreements are now in place for all broadcast distribution undertakings (or “**BDUs**”) affiliate negotiations presently due for renewal and the majority of the underlying subscribers/economics are subject to multi-year agreements.

DHX Television commenced with the new and original lineup in January 2016. The content driven strategy and rebranding will be built upon on the following: i) commissioning new and original content, including utilizing its own proprietary animation and production teams; ii) leveraging its 11,500 + half-hour library; and iii) augmenting its content strategy with new and compelling content supply agreements.

As outlined in "Results for the three months ended March 31, 2016 (“Q3 2016”) compared to the three months ended March 31, 2015 (“Q3 2015”)" section, though still very early in the rebranding process, Management is pleased to report that while DHX Television revenue for Q3 2016 was down 23% to \$15.73 million from \$20.41 million in Q3 2015, gross margins increased to 71%, above the high end of Management's expectations (see "Outlook" section) or \$11.16 million in Q3 2016 from 50% or \$10.14 million in Q3 2015 as a result of external lower content costs. Management has updated its annual targets for Fiscal 2016 which, while slightly reducing revenue targets, maintains the previously targeted gross margin levels and expected content cost savings. We will revise prospectively if and when new information becomes available.

In conjunction with the announcement of the rebranding and consistent with the planned strategy, the Company entered into a multi-year agreement with Mattel that brings more than 70 hours of new episodes and specials to air on DHX Television's networks. The deal will see the addition of content from premiere Mattel brands such as *Barbie*[™], *Monster High*[®], *Hot Wheels*[®], *Thomas & Friends*[®] and *Bob the Builder*[®] across DHX Media's channels.

DHX Media/Mattel Strategic Pacts

During Nine Months 2016, the Company entered into a long-term co-production and license agreement with Mattel, Inc. (“**Mattel**”) whereby DHX and Mattel will jointly fund, co-develop, and co-produce various forms of new content for certain Mattel properties, including *Bob the Builder*[®], *Fireman Sam*[®], *Little People*[®], and *Polly Pocket*[®]. DHX Studios will work with Mattel to develop and produce the new content, while DHX Distribution will manage the global distribution of both the existing and new content, while Mattel will take the lead on global brand management and consumer products. Management expects the Mattel arrangement to be immediately accretive to results for Fiscal 2016 and beyond.

On April 19, 2016, the Company announced it had expanded its relationship with Mattel, Inc. by entering into a long term licensing agreement for certain rights to the *Rainbow Magic* publishing property from Mattel. The licensing agreement establishes a framework for DHX to produce and distribute a range of new, multi-platform content inspired by the *Rainbow Magic* publishing property, while Mattel will oversee global brand management and global toy rights. *Rainbow Magic* is a much-loved publishing property that has captured the attention of young readers around the world since 2003. With hundreds of titles published to date, *Rainbow Magic* has reached millions of readers worldwide in more than 30 languages. *Rainbow Magic* follows the exciting adventures of two young girls, Rachel and Kirsty, and their magical friends in Fairyland. *Rainbow Magic* is currently published by Orchard and Scholastic in Europe and the USA respectively.

DHX Media/DreamWorks Co-Production and Licensing Deals

During Nine Months 2016, the Company entered into a 5 year agreement with DreamWorks Animation (“**DreamWorks**”) to co-produce 130 episodes of original animated children's content at DHX Studios, which will air in Canada on DHX Television's suite of channels. In addition to the co-production activities, DHX Television has licensed more than 1,000 half-hours of programming from DreamWorks, including *Hail King Julien*, *The Mr. Peabody & Sherman Show*, *Dragons: Race to the Edge*, *The Croods*, and others. DHX Television also licensed 300 half-hours of teen content for exclusive broadcast in Canada on Family Channel and includes SVOD and mobile rights. These co-production and licensing agreements help to further build out DHX Television's compelling content slate.

DHX Studios Vancouver

The Company announced that it will commence the construction of a 75,000 square foot leased studio in Vancouver. The studio will combine the Company's existing 2D and CGI animation studios in Vancouver and is expected to result in significant operating efficiencies. While the budget and timing have not yet been finalized, the incremental capital expenditures are expected to range from \$7-10 million, commencing in late Fiscal 2016 and concluding in Fiscal 2018.

Listing on NASDAQ

On June 30, 2015, the Company's Variable Voting Shares commenced trading on NASDAQ under the symbol DHXM. On July 6, 2015, the Company announced a marketed, underwritten offering of up to 8,700,000 variable Voting Shares and Common Voting Shares, with an overallotment of up to 1,305,000 Variable Voting Shares and Common voting Shares ("**the Offering**"). On July 9, 2015, as a result of market conditions, the Company withdrew the Offering.

Equity Offering

On May 2, 2016, the Company announced that it had closed a bought deal public offering of shares of the Company (the "**Equity Offering**"), comprised of both Variable Voting Shares and Common Voting Shares (collectively, the "**Shares**") through a syndicate of underwriters (the "Underwriters") whereby the Company issued 8,667,000 Shares of the Company at a price of CDN\$7.50 per Share for aggregate gross proceeds of CDN\$65.0 million. The Company also granted the Underwriters an over-allotment option exercisable at any time up to 30 days after closing of the Equity Offering to acquire up to an additional 1,300,050 Shares. In the event that the over-allotment option is exercised in full, the aggregate gross proceeds of the Equity Offering will be approximately CDN\$74.8 million. The net proceeds from the Equity Offering will be used to repay borrowings under the Company's Amended Senior Secured Credit Agreement, to third party content properties and associated global distribution plans, as well as to pursue additional brand opportunities, and for general corporate and working capital purposes, including potential acquisitions.

Bond Offering

On May 13, 2016, the Company closed a private offering (the "**Bond Offering**") of an additional \$50 million aggregate principal amount of its 5.875% Senior Unsecured Notes due December 2, 2021 through a syndicate of underwriters at a price of \$975.00 per \$1,000.00 principal amount, plus accrued interest from and including December 2, 2015 through May 13, 2016. The net proceeds of the Bond Offering will be used to repay borrowings under the Company's Amended Senior Secured Credit Agreement.

Seasonality

Results of operations for any period are dependent on the number and timing of film and television programs delivered, which cannot be predicted with certainty. Consequently, the Company's results from operations may fluctuate materially from period-to-period and the results of any one period are not necessarily indicative of results for future periods. Cash flows may also fluctuate and are not necessarily closely correlated with revenue recognition. During the initial broadcast of the rights the Company is somewhat reliant on the broadcaster's budget and financing cycles and at times the license period gets delayed and commences at a later date than originally projected.

The Company's film and television revenues vary significantly from quarter to quarter driven by contracted deliveries with the primary broadcasters. Although with the Company's continued diversification of its revenue mix, particularly in the strengthening of the distribution revenue stream, some of the quarterly unevenness is improving slightly and becoming more predictable. Distribution revenues are contract and demand driven and can fluctuate significantly from period-to-period.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires Management to make estimates, judgments, and assumptions that Management believes are reasonable based upon the information available. These estimates, judgments, and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting year or period. Actual results can differ from those estimates (refer to page 2 of this MD&A for more information regarding forward-looking information). For a discussion of all of the Company's accounting policies, refer to note 3 of the audited consolidated financial statements for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 on www.sedar.com or DHX's website at www.dhxmedia.com.

Financial Instruments and Risk Management

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, restricted cash, amounts receivable, long-term amounts receivable, long-term investment, bank indebtedness, interim production financing, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, long-term debt and obligations under finance leases, and other liabilities. The Company, through its financial assets and liabilities, has

exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments: credit risk, interest rate risk, liquidity risk, and currency risk. Management monitors risk levels and reviews risk management activities as they determine to be necessary.

Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from cash, restricted cash, and deposits, as well as credit exposure to customers, including outstanding receivables. The Company manages credit risk on cash and restricted cash by ensuring that the counterparties are banks, governments and government agencies with high credit ratings. The maximum exposure to credit risk for cash, restricted cash, deposits, and trade and other receivables approximate the amount recorded on the consolidated balance sheets.

The balance of trade amounts receivable are mainly with Canadian broadcasters and large international distribution companies. Management manages credit risk by regularly reviewing aged accounts receivables and appropriate credit analysis. The Company has booked an allowance for doubtful accounts of approximately 4% against the gross amounts for certain trade amounts receivable and management believes that the net amount of trade amounts receivable is fully collectible.

In assessing credit risk, management includes in its assessment the long-term receivables and considers what impact the long-term nature of the receivable has on credit risk. For certain arrangements with licensees, the Company is considered the agent, and only reports the revenue net of the licensor's share. When the Company bills a third party in full where it is an agent for the licensor, the Company records an offsetting amount in accounts payable that is only payable to a licensee when the amount is collected from the third party. This reduces the risk, as the Company is only exposed to the amounts receivable related to the revenue it records.

Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk arising from fluctuations in interest rates as its interim production financing, certain long-term debt, and a portion of cash bear interest at floating rates. A 1% fluctuation would have an approximate \$1.50-2.00 million effect on annual net income before income taxes.

Liquidity Risk

The Company manages liquidity by forecasting and monitoring operating cash flows and through the use of finance leases and revolving credit facilities (see note 14 of the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for March 31, 2016 for further details). As at March 31, 2016 the Company had cash and restricted cash on hand of \$48.74 million (June 30, 2015 - \$42.91 million).

Results of operations for any period are dependent on the number and timing of film and television programs delivered, which cannot be predicted with certainty. Consequently, the Company's results from operations may fluctuate materially from period-to-period and the results of any one period are not necessarily indicative of results for future periods. Cash flows may also fluctuate and are not necessarily closely correlated with revenue recognition. During the initial broadcast of the rights, the Company is somewhat reliant on the broadcaster's budget and financing cycles and at times the license period gets delayed and commences at a later date than originally projected.

The Company's film and television revenues vary significantly from quarter to quarter driven by contracted deliveries with the primary broadcasters. Although with the Company's recent diversification of its revenue mix, particularly in the strengthening of the distribution revenue stream and addition of the broadcasting revenue stream, some of the quarterly unevenness is improving slightly and becoming more predictable. Distribution revenues are contract and demand driven and can fluctuate significantly from year to year. The Company maintains appropriate cash balances and has access to financing facilities to manage fluctuating cash flows.

The Company obtains interim production financing to provide funds until such time as the federal and provincial film tax credits (note 4) are collected. Upon collection of the film tax credits, the related interim production financing is repaid.

Currency Risk

The Company's activities involve holding foreign currencies and incurring production costs and earning revenues denominated in foreign currencies. These activities result in exposure to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company periodically enters into foreign exchange purchases contracts to manage its foreign exchange risk on USD, GBP and Euro denominate contracts. While inherently difficult to estimate, Management estimates 1% change in the USD, GBP or Euro exchange rate would have less than a \$1.5-2.0 million effect on net income and comprehensive income.

Risk Assessment

The following are the specific and general risks that could affect the Company that each reader should carefully consider. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to the Company or that the Company does not currently anticipate will be material, may impair the Company's business operations and its operating results and as a result could materially impact its business, results of operations, prospects, and financial condition. These specific and general risks are as follows: risks

related to the nature of the entertainment industry, risks related to television and film industries, risks related to doing business internationally, loss of Canadian status, competition, limited ability to exploit film and television content library, protecting and defending against intellectual property claims, fluctuating results of operations, raising additional capital, concentration risk, reliance on key personnel, market share price fluctuations, risks associated with acquisitions and joint ventures, potential for budget overruns and other production risks, management estimates in revenues and earnings, stoppage of incentive programs, financial risks resulting from the Company's capital requirements, government incentive program, change in regulatory environment, litigation, technological change, labour relations, and exchanges rates.

For further details see "Risk Factors" contained in the Company's 2015 Annual MD&A and the Company's most recent Annual Information Form, filed September 28, 2015, on www.sedar.com, DHX's website at www.dhxmedia.com, or on EDGAR at www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml.

Disclosure Controls and Procedures and Internal Control over Financial Reporting

The Company's Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") have designed or caused to be designed under their supervision, disclosure controls and procedures to provide reasonable assurance that material information is gathered and reported to senior management to permit timely decisions regarding public disclosure and to provide reasonable assurance that the information required to be disclosed in reports that are filed or submitted under Canadian securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized, and reported within the time period specified in those rules.

The CEO and the CFO have also designed, or caused to be designed under their supervision, internal controls over financial reporting to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes.

In its annual filings dated September 28, 2015, the CEO and the CFO, after evaluating the effectiveness of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, and internal control over financial reporting, concluded that as at June 30, 2015, both the Company's disclosure controls and procedures, and internal control over financial reporting were operating effectively. It should be noted that a control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues, including instances of fraud, if any, have been detected.

There were no changes in internal controls over financial reporting during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal controls over financial reporting.

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures

In addition to the results reported in accordance with IFRS or GAAP as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board, the Company uses various non-GAAP financial measures, which are not recognized under IFRS or GAAP, as supplemental indicators of our operating performance and financial position. These non-GAAP financial measures are provided to enhance the user's understanding of our historical and current financial performance and our prospects for the future. Management believes that these measures provide useful information in that they exclude amounts that are not indicative of our core operating results and ongoing operations and provide a more consistent basis for comparison between periods. The following discussion explains the Company's use of certain non-GAAP financial measures, which are Adjusted EBITDA, Normalized Net Income, Gross Margin, and Adjusted Operating Activities.

"**Adjusted EBITDA**" means earnings (loss) before interest, taxes, depreciation, amortization, share-based compensation expense, finance expense (income), development expense, and impairment of certain investments in film and television programs, and also includes adjustments for other identified charges, as specified in the accompanying tables. Amortization includes amortization of property & equipment, expense of acquired libraries, and intangible assets. Adjusted EBITDA is not an earnings measure recognized by GAAP and does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP; accordingly, Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. Management believes Adjusted EBITDA to be a meaningful indicator of our performance that provides useful information to investors regarding our financial condition and results of operation. The most comparable GAAP measure is net income (loss).

"**Adjusted Net Income**" is a non-GAAP financial measure which adjusts net income (loss) for identified charges, net of tax effect. Adjusted Net Income is not an earnings measure recognized by GAAP and does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP; accordingly, Adjusted Net Income may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. Management believes Adjusted Net Income to be a meaningful indicator of our performance that provides useful information to investors regarding our financial condition and results of operation. The most comparable GAAP measure is net income (loss).

"**Gross Margin**" means revenue less direct production costs and expense of film and television programs produced and effective for Q2 2013 onward, less expense of the book value of the acquired libraries. Gross Margin is not an earnings measure

recognized by GAAP and does not have a standardized meaning prescribed by GAAP; accordingly, Gross Margin may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers. The most comparable GAAP measure is net income (loss).

“**Adjusted Operating Activities**” is a non-GAAP financial measure of cash inflows and outflows from operating activities adjusted for increases and decreases in interim production financing, bank indebtedness, excluding specifically identified financing and investing activities, changes in restricted cash, and identified charges, net of tax, as in Management’s opinion, these are also an integral part of determining cash flows from operations. Adjusted Operating Activities is one of the key cash flow measurement tools used by Management in assessing cash flow performance. The most comparable GAAP measure is cash flows from operating activities.

Reconciliations of historical results to both Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted Net Income are presented on the following pages.

Reconciliation of Historical Results to Adjusted EBITDA

Adjusted EBITDA is not a recognized earnings measure under GAAP and does not have standardized meanings prescribed by GAAP; accordingly, Adjusted EBITDA may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies or issuers. Investors are cautioned that Adjusted EBITDA should not be construed as an alternative to net income or loss determined in accordance with GAAP as an indicator of the Company's performance or to cash flows from operating, investing, and financing activities as a measure of liquidity and cash flows. The following table reconciles net income, Adjusted EBITDA, and Gross Margin, based on the unaudited interim condensed consolidated financial statements for the three and nine months ended March 31, 2016 and 2015 of the Company found on www.sedar.com, www.dhxmedia.com, or on EDGAR at www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml. For further description see "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" elsewhere in this MD&A.

The operating results for any period should not be relied upon as an indication of results for any future period.

	Q3-2016 ¹	Q3-2015 ¹	Nine Months 2016 ¹	Nine Months 2015 ¹
	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)	(\$000)
Net income (loss) for the period	10,219	18,031	29,414	15,837
Provision for income taxes	756	6,666	5,395	6,303
Interest expense, net ²	5,380	4,280	14,027	11,370
Amortization ³	6,315	7,028	19,526	15,569
Share-based compensation expense	1,528	1,378	4,436	3,089
Finance expense (excluding interest), net ²	6,421	(8,904)	997	(7,223)
Tangible benefit obligation expense ⁴	—	—	—	14,215
Acquisition costs ⁵	—	—	—	4,995
Write-down of certain investment in film and television	450	517	950	532
Development and other expense ⁶	1,667	807	4,122	2,712
Adjusted EBITDA¹	32,736	29,803	78,867	67,399
Selling, general and administrative, net of share-based compensation expense and other one-time adjustments	17,776	14,990	50,489	39,975
Gross Margin¹	50,512	44,793	129,356	107,374

¹See "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section of this MD&A for further details; certain of the 2015 comparatives have been reclassified to align with the 2016 definitions.

²Finance expense per the financial statements has been split between its interest and non-interest components.

³Amortization is made up of amortization of P&E and intangibles and the portion of expense of acquired library that relates to the amortization of the purchase accounting bump to fair value for all acquired libraries. These adjustments were as follows: Q3 2016-\$3.94 million and \$2.38 million, respectively (Q3 2015-\$3.43 million and \$3.59 million, respectively) and Nine Months 2016-\$10.61 million and \$8.92 million, respectively (Nine Months 2015-\$7.23 million and \$8.33 million, respectively).

⁴See the "DHX Television Tangible Benefit Obligation" section of the 2015 Annual MD&A for additional details.

⁵Adjustments for specifically identified acquisition costs of Q3 2016-\$ nil (Nine Months 2016-\$nil) (Q3 2015-\$nil) (Nine Months 2015-\$5.00 million).

⁶For Q3 2016, Development and other expenses includes costs related to the rebranding of DHX television of \$1.30 million, severance and integration costs of \$0.37 million, lease termination costs of \$nil, and development costs of \$nil (Q3 2015-\$nil, \$nil, \$nil, and \$0.81 million, respectively) (Nine Months 2016-\$3.35 million, \$0.77 million, \$nil, and \$nil, respectively) (Nine Months 2015-\$nil, \$0.85 million, \$1.05 million, and \$0.81 million, respectively).

Reconciliation of Historical Results to Adjusted Net Income

Adjusted Net Income is not a recognized earnings measure under GAAP and does not have standardized meanings prescribed by GAAP. Accordingly, Adjusted Net Income may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies or issuers. Investors are cautioned that Adjusted Net Income should not be construed as an alternative to net income or loss determined in accordance with GAAP as an indicator of the Company's performance or to cash flows from operating, investing, and financing activities as a measure of liquidity and cash flows. The following table reconciles net income to adjusted net income and on the Company's consolidated financial statements found on www.sedar.com, www.dhxmedia.com, or on EDGAR at www.sec.gov/edgar.shtml. For further description see "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" elsewhere in the MD&A.

The operating results for any period should not be relied upon as an indication of results for any future period.

	Q3 - 2016 ¹	Q3 - 2015 ¹	Nine Months 2016 ¹	Nine Months 2015 ¹
	\$000	\$000	\$000	\$000
Net income (loss) for the period	10,219	18,031	29,414	15,837
Acquisition costs, net of estimated tax effect	—	—	—	4,296
Tangible benefit obligation, net of estimated tax effect	—	—	—	10,448
TV Rebranding costs, net of estimated tax effect	906	—	2,345	—
Severance costs, lease termination and other, net of estimated tax effect (included in Development expenses and other)	259	—	540	—
Debt extinguishment charge	—	—	—	2,817
Adjusted net income ¹	11,384	18,031	32,299	33,398

¹See "Use of Non-GAAP Financial Measures" section of this MD&A for further details.



DHX MEDIA LTD.

Q3 2016

Supplemental Information

I. Summary of securities issued and options and warrants granted during the nine months ended March 31, 2016 (expressed in thousands of Canadian dollars, except for shares and amounts per share)

a. Summary of securities issued

	Number of Common Shares	Value \$
Balance at June 30, 2015	123,982,312	236,757
Shares issued as part of employee share purchase plan	7,587	69
Balance at September 30, 2015	123,989,899	236,826
Shares issued as part of employee share purchase plan	7,101	60
Dividends reinvested	18,946	154
Options exercised	1,563,125	3,855
Balance at December 31, 2015	125,579,071	240,895
Shares issued as part of employee share purchase plan	9,114	71
Dividends reinvested	25,676	180
Normal-course issuers bid	(659,000)	(1,265)
Options exercised	100,000	140
Balance at March 31, 2016	125,054,861	240,021

b. Summary of options and warrants

Options	Number of Options	Weighted-average exercise price
Balance at June 30, 2015 and September 30, 2015	6,353,750	\$5.10
Options granted to employees	2,071,500	\$8.37
Options exercised	(1,563,125)	\$1.70
Balance at December 31, 2015	6,862,125	\$6.84
Options granted to employees	25,000	\$6.76
Options exercised	(100,000)	\$0.93
Options granted to officers	250,000	\$6.93
Options granted to directors	100,000	\$6.93
Balance at March 31, 2016	7,137,125	\$6.93

c. Summary of securities as at the end of the reporting period

1. Authorized share capital

100,000,000 Preferred Variable Voting Shares ("PVVS"), redeemable at the option of the Company at any time at a millionth of a cent per share, no entitlement to dividends, voting

Unlimited Common Voting Shares without nominal or par value

Unlimited Variable Voting Shares without nominal or par value

Unlimited Non-Voting Shares without nominal or par value

2. Shares outstanding and recorded value

125,054,861 common shares at a recorded value of 240,021, comprised of 96,951,091 common voting shares and 28,103,770 variable voting shares and nil non-voting shares;

100,000,000 preferred variable voting shares at a recorded value of \$nil.

i. Preferred Variable Voting Shares

On November 12, 2014, the PVVS were transferred by the Company's Executive Chairman, to the Company's Chief Executive Officer, in accordance with the terms of a shareholders agreement among the

Company and holder of the PVVS (the “PVVS Shareholder Agreement”). On the date of such transfer, the Company’s Chief Executive Officer entered into the PVVS Shareholder Agreement with the Company, pursuant to which the Company’s Chief Executive Officer (i) agreed not to transfer the PVVS, in whole or in part, except with the prior written approval of the Board, (ii) granted to the Company the unilateral right to compel the transfer of the PVVS, at any time and from time to time, in whole or in part, to a person designated by the Board and (iii) granted to DHX a power of attorney to effect any transfers contemplated by the PVVS Shareholder Agreement. The Board will not approve or compel a transfer without first obtaining the approval of the TSX and the PVVS Shareholder Agreement cannot be amended, waived or terminated unless approved by the TSX.

ii. Common shares

On September 30, 2014, the Company’s shareholders approved a reorganization of the Company’s share capital structure (the “Share Capital Reorganization”) to address the Canadian ownership requirements of DHX Television. The Share Capital Reorganization was affected on October 9, 2014 and resulted in, among other things, the creation of three new classes of shares: Common Voting Shares, Variable Voting Shares and Non-Voting Shares.

On October 9, 2014, each outstanding Common Share of the Company that was not owned and controlled by a Canadian for the purposes of the Broadcasting Act (Canada) (the “Broadcasting Act”) was converted into one Variable Voting Share and each outstanding Common Share that was owned and controlled by a Canadian for the purposes of the Broadcasting Act was converted into one Common Voting Share. Each Common Voting Share carries one vote per share on all matters. Each Variable Voting Share carries one vote per share unless the number of Variable Voting Shares outstanding exceeds 33 1/3% of the total number of Variable Voting Shares and Common Voting Shares outstanding, in which case the voting rights per share of the Variable Voting Shares are reduced so that the total number of votes associated with the outstanding Variable Voting Shares equals 33 1/3% of the total votes associated with the outstanding Variable Voting Shares and Common Voting Shares combined. The economic rights of each Variable Voting Share, each Common Voting Share, and each Non-Voting Share are the same. All of the unissued Common Shares of the Company were cancelled on the completion of the Share Capital Reorganization. The Variable Voting Shares and Common Voting Shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the ticker symbols DHX.A and DHX.B, respectively.

3. Description of options

See note 12(d) of the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015.

II. Directors and officers as at March 31, 2016

Directors

Elizabeth Beale (2) (4)	Director
David Colville (2) (3)	Director
Sir Graham Day (2) (3) (4)	Director
Michael Donovan (1)	Executive Chairman, Director
Deborah Drisdell (1) (3)	Director
Dana Landry	CEO, Director
Geoffrey Machum, QC (4)	Chair of Corporate Governance and Nominations Committee, Director
Robert Sobey (3)	Chair of the Human Resources and Compensation Committee, Director
Catherine Tait (1)	Director
Donald Wright (2) (3) (4) (5)	Lead Director of DHX, Chair of the Audit Committee

- (1) Member of the Production Financing Committee
- (2) Member of the Audit Committee
- (3) Member of the Human Resources and Compensation Committee
- (4) Member of the Corporate Governance and Nominations Committee
- (5) Donald Wright is Chairman of the board of directors of Jaguar Resources Inc. (“Jaguar”). On May 6, 2015, the Alberta Securities Commission and on May 8, 2016 the British Columbia Securities Commission issued cease trade orders (the “Cease Trade Orders”) against Jaguar for failure to file its annual audited financial statements, annual management's discussion and analysis, and certification of the annual filings, for the year ended December 31, 2014 (the "Annual Disclosure Materials") pursuant to which trading in Jaguar’s securities was prohibited. Although the Cease Trade Orders are still in effect, Jaguar filed the Annual

Disclosure Materials on October 9, 2015 and is in the process of applying to have the Cease Trade Orders lifted.

Officers

Michael Donovan
Dana Landry
Keith Abriel
Steven DeNure
Mark Gosine
David Regan

Executive Chairman
CEO
CFO
President and COO
EVP, Legal Affairs, Secretary and General Counsel
EVP, Corporate Development